Triple E Eligibility Criteria

Category: Heating and Electricity Provision Technology: Solar Thermal Collectors

Solar thermal collectors are defined as renewable energy equipment which transforms solar radiation directly into thermal energy.

Solar thermal collectors are considered to include the following:

Flat Plate Collectors

Solar thermal collector which has its absorber laid in a box, insulated at the rear and sides, and with a transparent cover on top. The heat transfer media can be water (with or without antifreeze) or air.

Evacuated Tube Collectors

Solar thermal collector which constitutes a series of tubes that contain an absorber area and into which vacuum is created to provide insulation. The heat transfer media is typically water (with or without antifreeze).

Eligibility Criteria Overview

In order to be included on the Triple E Product Register, the <u>specific</u> solar thermal collector equipment must meet *all* of the relevant requirements set out below. *known as specified list in the Finance Act

Note: Supporting documentation that clearly demonstrates Triple E compliance according to the conditions below <u>will be required as part of the Triple E checking process</u>. Detailed information on the types of documents accepted can be found in the Supporting Documentation guidelines later in this document.

Solar thermal collectors - Eligibility Criteria

(Applicable to all solar thermal collector equipment)

No.	Condition	
1.	The solar thermal collector must be tested to the appropriate European Standards.	
2.	The thermal collector performance parameters, as detailed in the standards (described in Condition 1), should contain the performance parameters n0, a1 and a2 to be submitted in calculating the Annual Power (q).	
3	Appropriate operating & maintenance manuals must be available to the end- user in order to optimise the achievement of any potential energy efficiency gains.	

------ End of Triple E eligibility criteria ------

Please see next section for technical detail submission and supporting documentation guidance

The following information is not part of the official criteria document published within the relevant statutory Instrument; it has been added here for guidance purposes only in order to provide assistance with the submission of product details and the provision of the required supporting documentation.

Note: All information contained within this guidance document is subject to change without notice.

Technical information required in product submission

The following are the specific technical values required as part of the product submission for this technology:

Certified collector performance parameters:

The collector performance is described by the equation for the power output q:

• q = A*(n0*G - a1*dT - a2*dT²) [W]

with the operation conditions:

- G : Solar irradiance on collector plane [W/m²]
- dT: Temperature difference between collector mean fluid temperature and ambient air temperature [K] (Kelvin)

and the collector performance parameters:

- n0, optical efficiency (combined efficiency of the transparent cover and the absorber) [-]
- a1, 1st order heat loss coefficient (heat loss coefficient at collector fluid temperature equal to ambient temperature [W/K]
- $\circ~$ a2, 2nd order heat loss coefficient (temperature dependent term of heat loss coefficient) $[W/K^2]$

and the collector area:

• A: Collector area corresponding to the performance parameters – in this case, the aperture area is used as the reference area.

Note: to facilitate comparisons with other eligible products the following standard values will be used:

G: 900 W/m^2 dT:50K A: 1m^2

Supporting documentation required

Described below is the list of documents that are accepted as proof of compliance for the specific Solar Thermal Collector Equipment condition.

Note: This information will only be requested AFTER you submit your product's basic details online

Important Notes to Product Providers

Please ensure that you read the "Important Notes to Product Providers" section at the end of this document prior to submitting documentation.

Eligibility Criteria (Applicable to Solar Thermal equipment)

No.	Condition	Supporting Documentation Requirement
1	The solar thermal collector must be tested to the appropriate European Standards	Where a document is used to demonstrate conformance for a number of products or range of products it should clearly specify each individual product covered by that document.
		Accredited certification demonstrating that the product meets the appropriate European Standards and showing certified solar thermal collector performance parameters
		Test reports should be in the format described in the 'Important Notes to Product Providers' section of this document and be produced or endorsed by an accredited body.
		Acceptable Standards Solar Collectors EN 12975-1 (Part 1 General Requirements) AND EN 12975-2 (Part 2 Test Methods)
		OR
		Factory Made Systems EN 12976-1 (Part 1 General Requirements) AND EN 12976-2 (Part 2 Test Methods)

2	Annual power output per m ² is defined by q=(n0*G-a1*dT-a2*dT ²)[W]	Accredited certification demonstrating that the product meets the appropriate European Standards and showing certified solar thermal collector performance parameters, as described for Condition 1, should contain the following parameters:
		 Performance parameters of collector on the basis of aperture area: n0, optical efficiency a1, 1st order heat loss coefficient [W/K] a2, 2nd order heat loss coefficient [W/K²] Note standard values of G:900W/m2 and dT:50K to be used The online product submission process requires performance parameters n0,a1 and a2 to be submitted., The value for Annual Power (q) is automatically calculated by the online system

3	Appropriate operating and maintenance manuals must be available to the end user in order to optimise the achievement of any potential energy efficiency gains	A copy of an official signed declaration on headed paper which confirms that the appropriate operating and maintenance manuals are provided. Where applicable, information on the availability of technical documentation to download online should be given.
		NB: A signed declaration is required to comply with this condition in all cases. Submitting copies of user manuals is not sufficient and not required by this condition.

Important Notes to Product Providers

General

There should be a clear link between all supporting documentation supplied and the product being submitted. This will typically take the form of a product code or product name that can be cross referenced between the submitted product and relevant supporting documentation. If product codes / names have been changed since publication of the supporting documentation, then official evidence of this must be provided with the supporting documentation supplied.

Any deviation from these requirements will result in the supporting documentation not being considered adequate for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the criteria conditions. This will in turn delay the submission and/or result in the product not being considered eligible.

Where the Triple E criteria or help documentation reference compliance to appropriate rather than specific standards, the onus is on the product provider to ensure that supporting documentation supplied references recognised standards that apply to the submitted product, i.e. the product must be covered under the scope of a recognised standard.

If any product submitted is later found not to meet the performance or specification criteria, then this product will cease to be considered eligible for the Triple E.

Note: When supplying the supporting documentation through the online process you must ensure that the correct page number(s) of the document is referenced when compliance with the relevant condition is being demonstrated. An explanatory note should also be given where more than one page number is referenced.

Test Reports & Certification

A test report must comprise of the following elements:

• An outline of the complete test including introduction, details on test conditions, the specific model details of the product tested, the steps taken in the test, the results, graphical representations, and a conclusion.

- The relevant test performance standard/s must be stated on the test report;
- All documents should be on headed paper and the document should be officially signed off.

All documentation must be in English, or include adequate translation. The translation can be from the accredited test house or from a professional translator listed by the Irish Translators and Interpreters Association or international equivalent;
 The test laboratory must be accredited. This may be demonstrated as follows:

- The governing accreditation body for the test laboratory can be found under http://www.european-accreditation.org/. This governing body may list the test laboratory as accredited;
- The accredited laboratory may be found under <u>http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/newapproach/nando/;</u>

<u>Verification</u> – SEAI retain the right to verify the validity of test reports with the indicated test laboratory. Test reports or certificates which are not validated will not be accepted as demonstrating compliance with the relevant product criteria.

Scientific Equivalence

Some Triple E criteria conditions allow for scientifically equivalent tests and/or standards to be used. In the event that a product has not been designed, manufactured or tested to the specific standard named, then documentation relating to an equivalent internationally recognised standard may be used (where the phrase 'Or scientific equivalent' is included in the Triple E condition or help documentation). In such applications, the onus will be on the product submitter to demonstrate satisfactory equivalence of the standards. However, submissions which reference such supporting documentation may take longer to process, and if the product provider does not provide satisfactory evidence of equivalence, then the product will not be considered eligible for the Triple E. **All documentation must be in English**, or include adequate translation.

Note: Where specific standards are cited in a condition or in the Triple E help documentation, then documentation demonstrating that the relevant products have been designed, manufactured or tested to these specific standards is preferred. Scientific equivalence is considered the exception rather than the norm.

Representative testing

Where test information is required for a range of technically similar products (e.g. configurations of one base product) then in exceptional instances a form of representative testing may be utilised once agreed in advance with SEAI. Such testing is where only representative products are tested from a technically similar group or range of products. Provided a clear correlation can be demonstrated between the tested product and technically similar non-tested product, and that such a correlation clearly demonstrates the compliance of the non-tested product, representative testing may form an acceptable basis for supporting documentation.

Note: Where representative testing is used for a group or range of products, if the tested or representative product is removed from the list of eligible products then all related products are also removed.